BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

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NAME: Glass, Karen C.

eRA COMMONS USER NAME (credential, e.g., agency login): kchampag

POSITION TITLE: Associate Professor of Pharmacology

EDUCATION/TRAINING (Begin with baccalaureate or other initial professional education, such as nursing, include postdoctoral training and residency training if applicable. Add/delete rows as necessary.)

INSTITUTION AND LOCATION	DEGREE (if applicable)	Completion Date MM/YYYY	FIELD OF STUDY
University of Massachusetts (UMass), Amherst	B.S.	05/99	Microbiology
University of Vermont (UVM)	Ph.D.	10/05	Microbiology & Molecular Genetics, Christopher S. Francklyn
Rapid Data Collection and Structure Solving at the NSLS: A Practical Course in Macromolecular X-Ray Diffraction Measurement, Brookhaven, NY	Training Course	April 6-11, 2003	X-Ray Crystallography
University of California, Santa Cruz	Postdoctoral	11/06	MCD Biology, Harry F. Noller
NMRFAM Protein Structure Determination Workshop, University of Wisconsin-Madison	Training Course	June 6-11, 2010	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance
University of Colorado Denver (UCD)	Postdoctoral	08/10	Pharmacology, Tatiana G. Kutateladze
New York Structural Biology Center, New York, NY	Training Program	2023	Cryo-EM Access and Training (NCCAT)

A. Personal Statement

The focus of my laboratory is to understand the epigenetic basis of disease. In particular, we are interested in how recognition of histone post-translational modifications by bromodomains contributes to their role in normal biological processes and in the development of disease. The ATAD2 bromodomain-containing protein has become an exciting new epigenetic target because over-expression of ATAD2 is associated with poor outcomes in multiple cancers. However, the biological role of ATAD2 has remained elusive, and even less is known about its closely related paralog, ATAD2B (KIAA1240). My current research is aimed to characterize the structure and function of the ATAD2/B bromodomain-containing proteins. We recently published our results demonstrating that the bromodomain regions of ATAD2 and ATAD2B have different preferences for multiply acetylated lysine residues on histone H4. Furthermore, our structural studies on the ATAD2 and ATAD2B bromodomains revealed that they have unique molecular features that contribute to their altered ligand binding specificities. ATAD2 and ATAD2B also contain two AAA+ ATPase domains and are predicted to function as molecular motors in chromatin remodeling processes. An exciting and timely breakthrough in my lab has enabled us to study the full-length ATAD2 and ATAD2B proteins in vitro. Thus, we are uniquely poised to carry out molecular and cellular assays in order to determine the biological role(s) of these proteins for the first time. We are also proposing structural studies to identify the molecular mechanisms driving ATAD2/B-chromatin interactions, which will reveal how multivalent contacts by conserved domains contribute to their association with specifically modified histones and/or nucleosomes.

I have a strong background in Biochemistry, Molecular Biology, and Enzymology, with specific training in structural biology techniques, including X-ray Crystallography, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), and, more recently, single particle cryo-electron microscopy (cryo-EM). Dr. Ed Eng and the highly trained staff at the National Center for Cryo-EM Access and Training (NCCAT) in New York have been supporting our structural studies using cryo-EM by enabling access to the instrumentation and hands on training. My laboratory completed the Cross-Training Category 1 (TP1 program), and we now have experience in cryo-EM sample preparation, which includes cryo-EM grid preparation, grid clipping, and screening of cryo-EM grids at the NCCAT facility. Dr. Michael Cianfrocco, an expert in single particle cryo-electron microscopy (Cryo-EM), is working closely with my group to provide additional training in cryo-EM data processing for structure determination. My research group will continue on-site visits to NCCAT, where the staff provides training and infrastructure for sample screening and data collection on the Glacios and Titan Krios electron microscopes, as well as for analysis and processing of the data for structure determination. The contributions of students and collaborators, along with my genuine desire to have a positive effect on human health by increasing our knowledge about the mechanisms of epigenetic signaling in disease, will ensure a productive outcome.

Ongoing projects that I would like to highlight include:

- 1. P01 CA240685 Stein (PI), Role: Co-investigator Project 2 04/01/2021 03/31/2026 Epigenetic Control and Genome Organization, Project 2: Bromodomains as epigenetic modulators of endocrine responsiveness in ER+ breast cancer.
- NSF 2321501 Glass (PI) 08/01/2023 07/31/2026
 MCA: Application of Cryo-Electron Microscopy to Determine the Structure of Epigenetic Regulatory Complexes.
- 3. P20 GM113131-07S1 Cote (PI), Role: Supplement Co-investigator 07/01/2024 06/30/2025 Team Science Administrative Supplement to Center of Integrated Biomedical and Bioengineering Research (CIBBR).

Relevant completed projects:

1. R01 GM129338 Glass/Frietze (MPI) 09/19/2018 – 08/31/2023 Deciphering the molecular mechanisms of histone code recognition by ATAD2/B.

Relevant publications:

- a. Lloyd JT, McLaughlin K, Lubula MY, Gay JC, Dest A, Gao C, Phillips M, Tonelli M, Cornilescu G, Marunde MR, Evans CM, Boyson SP, Carlson S, Keogh MC, Markley JL, Frietze S, Glass KC. Structural Insights into the Recognition of Mono- and Diacetylated Histones by the ATAD2B Bromodomain. *J Med Chem*. 2020 Nov 12;63(21):12799-12813. doi: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.0c01178. Epub 2020 Oct 21. PMID: 33084328; PMCID: PMC7884259.
- b. Singh AK, Phillips M, Alkrimi S, Tonelli M, Boyson SP, Malone KL, Nix JC, **Glass KC**. Structural insights into acetylated histone ligand recognition by the BDP1 bromodomain of Plasmodium falciparum. *Int J Biol Macromol*. 2022 Dec 31;223(Pt A):316-326. doi: 10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2022.10.247. Epub 2022 Oct 31. PMID: 36328269; PMCID: PMC10093686.
- c. Phillips M, Malone KL, Boyle BW, Montgomery C, Kressy IA, Joseph FM, Bright KM, Boyson SP, Chang S, Nix JC, Young NL, Jeffers V, Frietze S, Glass KC. Impact of Combinatorial Histone Modifications on Acetyllysine Recognition by the ATAD2 and ATAD2B Bromodomains. *J Med Chem.* 2024 May 23;67(10):8186-8200. doi: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.4c00210. Epub 2024 May 11. PMID: 38733345; PMCID: PMC11149620.

B. Positions, Scientific Appointments, and Honors Positions

- 06/21-present Associate Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Larner College of Medicine, University of Vermont (UVM).
- 07/19-present Adjunct Associate Professor, Department of Biochemistry, Larner College of Medicine, UVM.
- 06/16-05/21 Associate Professor, Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Albany College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences (ACPHS)
- 08/11-06/19 Adjunct Assistant Professor, Department of Biochemistry, Larner College of Medicine, UVM.
- 08/10-05/16 Assistant Professor, Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, ACPHS
- 08/09-12/09 Affiliate Professor, Department of Biology, Metropolitan State College, Denver, CO
- 11/06-08/10 Postdoctoral Research Fellow, Department of Pharmacology, UCD, Aurora, CO
- 11/05-11/06 Postdoctoral Research Associate, Department of Molecular, Cellular and Developmental Biology, UCSC, Santa Cruz, CA

	<u>Appointments</u>			
2024-pres	sent Chair, Education Committee, American Crystallography Association			
2022-pres	t Member, NIGMS study section, Training and Workforce Development-B (TWD-B)			
2022-pres	nt Member , NMRFAM User Program External Advisory Board			
2021-pres	ent Member, The Association for Women in Science (AWIS)			
	esent Member , Graduate admissions committee, UVM Cellular, Molecular and Biomedical Sciences			
	ent Member, Education Committee, American Crystallography Association			
2021-2023				
2021-2022				
2021	Ad Hoc Reviewer, NIH Fellowships: Genes, Genomes and Genetics (F08)			
2020-2021				
2020	Ad Hoc Reviewer, NIH Fellowships: Genes, Genomes and Genetics (F08)			
2019-2021	·			
	Albany College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences			
2018	Ad Hoc Reviewer, NIH Molecular Genetics A Study Section (MGA)			
2016	Ad Hoc Reviewer, NIH Molecular Genetics A Study Section (MGA)			
	ent Member , grant review committee, American Cancer Society Institutional Research Grant (ACS-			
2010 pics	IRG) at the University of Vermont			
2014-nres	ent Member , UVM Cellular and Molecular Biology Graduate Program			
2015-2018				
2015-2016	Advisory Board Member: 2 nd Epigenomics & Novel Therapeutic Targets Disease Conference,			
2013	May 26 - 27, 2016, Boston, MA.			
2014-2020				
2014-2020	Co-organizer of the 2013 Vermont Cancer Center annual symposium with the theme of			
2013	Epigenetics and Cancer.			
2013	Advisory Board Member: 3rd Epigenetics in Drug Discovery Conference, May 8-10, 2013,			
2013				
2012 proc	Boston, MA.			
	ent Member, UVM Graduate Faculty			
2012-2014 Founding Chair, ACPHS Graduate Faculty Curriculum Committee				
2011-pres	ent Manuscript referee for journals including: FEBS Letters, Journal of Biological Chemistry,			
	Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, and Nucleic Acids Research (among others).			
<u>Honors</u>	T 0 F ' B' 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
2022	Taylor & Francis Biomolecular Crystallography poster prize, ACA Annual Meeting, Portland, OR			
2021-22	National MAVEN Senior Scientist (NIGMS funded leadership program for women)			
2014	ACPHS Researcher of the Year award			
2012	ASBMB annual meeting thematic best poster in the Gene Regulation category			
2011	Poster presentation award winner in the Faculty/Staff category. Vermont Cancer Center's 2011			
	Clinical and Translational Research Symposium: DNA Repair & Cancer.			
2010	Poster presentation award winner in the Faculty/Staff category. Vermont Cancer Center's 2010			
	Clinical and Translational Research Symposium: Inflammation & Cancer.			
2010	Poster presentation award. University of Colorado Denver Postdoctoral Research Day.			
2008	Postdoctoral Award for Outstanding Achievement, Department of Pharmacology, UCD, SOM.			
2008	Keystone Symposia Scholarship, 'Molecular Basis for Chromatin Modifications and Epigenetic			
	Phenomena', Snowmass, CO.			
2008-10	Postdoctoral Fellowship, National Institutes of Health (NRSA F32GM083462)			
2008	Postdoctoral Fellowship, American Heart Association (declined).			
2007-08	Postdoctoral Fellowship, American Cancer Society (08-049-01-GMC)			
2004	Travel award from the UVM graduate college for a tRNA Synthetase conference, Seoul, Korea.			
2001-03	Vermont Department of Energy Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (DOE			
	EPSCoR) graduate research fellowship.			
2001	American Crystallography Association student travel grant, ACA meeting, Los Angeles, CA.			
1999	Graduated with honors, Magna Cum Laude.			
1999	Howard Hughes grant for undergraduate research.			
1998	Honors Research Grant for undergraduate thesis research.			
1997	Golden Key National Honors Society, member.			
1996	Alpha Lambda Delta, a national academic honors society for freshmen in the top 10% of their class.			

- C. Contributions to Science (Please note name change in 2009 from Champagne KS to Glass KC)
- 1. Allosteric regulation of histidine biosynthesis: As a graduate student in the laboratory of Dr. Christopher S. Francklyn at UVM I characterized the structure and function of the N1-5'-phosphoribosyl ATP transferase (ATP-PRTase) in Lactococcus Lactis, which catalyzes the first step of histidine biosynthesis. The L. lactis ATP-PRTase ezyme is unique and contains two subunit types, one of which is a paralogous to histidyl-tRNA synethtase (HisRS). I established that the HisZG ATP-PRTase from L. lactis is a 250 kDa multimeric enzyme complex consisting of four HisG and four HisZ subunits using size exclusion chromatography, and quantitative protein sequencing. Under the guidance of Dr. Sylvie Doublié and Dr. Stephen J. Everse I solved the first structure of a PRPP-bound ATP-PRTase, and provided a structural model for its allosteric activation by comparing inhibited and activated versions of ATP-PRTs from both the hetero-octameric and hexameric families. Mutational analysis followed by kinetic binding assays identified the histidine binding sites in a region highly conserved between HisZ and the functional HisRS, confirming the role of HisZ as a regulatory subunit in the L. lactis ATP-PRTase. My research provided evidence on how a histidyl-tRNA synthetase-like domain evolved through evolution to function as a regulatory domain in amino acid biosynthesis.
 - a. Bovee ML, Champagne KS, Demeler B, Francklyn CS. (2002) The Quaternary Structure of the HisZ-HisG N-1-(5'-Phosphoribosyl)-ATP Transferase from *Lactococcus lactis*. *Biochemistry*. 41(39): 11838-11846. PMID: 12269828
 - b. Champagne KS, Sissler M, Larrabee Y, Doublié S, Francklyn CS. (2005) Activation of the hetero-octameric ATP phosphoribosyl transferase through subunit interface rearrangement by a tRNA synthetase paralog. *J Biol Chem.* 280(40): 34096-34104. PMID: 16051603
 - **c. Champagne KS**, Piscitelli E, Francklyn CS. (2006) Substrate recognition by the hetero-octameric ATP phosphoribosyltransferase from *L. lactis.* **Biochemistry**. 45(50): 14933-43. PMID: 17154531
- 2. Molecular mechanisms of histone recognition by the plant homeodomain (PHD): I became interested in the field of Epigenetics and wanted to understand how the 'histone code' might extend and modify our genetic (DNA) information to regulate key cellular processes. Modifications on the histone tail have been shown to be important in altering chromatin structure, and they regulate gene expression by facilitating access of DNA-binding transcription factors. Modifications to the histone tail also act as markers, allowing non-histone proteins to interact with the chromatin. When I began my postdoctoral training with Tatiana G. Kutateladze the molecular basis of histone recognition by chromatin reader domains was poorly understood. I made several seminal discoveries during this period. Using tryptophan fluorescence, I revealed that there is cross-talk between adjacent histone modifications on the histone H3 tail that regulate the functions of proteins interacting with these marks. We showed that di-methylation of arginine 2 on histone H3 (H3R2me2) modulates the interaction of the RAG2 PHD finger with tri-methylated lysine 4 (H3K4me3) on the histone tail. and is essential for V(D)J recombination. I also demonstrated the molecular mechanism of H3K4me3 recognition by the Inhibitor of Growth PHD fingers is conserved within this family, and that histone binding both recruits and activates ING4/5-associated histone acetyltransferase complexes on chromatin. My research also revealed that PHD fingers are divided into sub-families based on their selection of different ligands including unmodified histone H3, and acetylated or methylated lysine.
 - a. Matthews AG, Kuo AJ, Ramón-Maiques S, Han S, Champagne KS, Ivanov D, Gallardo M, Carney D, Cheung P, Ciccone DN, Walter KL, Utz PJ, Shi Y, Kutateladze TG, Yang W, Gozani O, Oettinger MA. (2007) RAG2 PHD finger couples histone H3 lysine 4 trimethylation with V(D)J recombination. *Nature*. Dec 13; 450(7172): 1106-10. PMCID: PMC2988437
 - b. Champagne KS, Saksouk N, Peña PV, Johnson K, Ullah M, Yang XJ, Côté J, Kutateladze TG. (2008) The crystal structure of the ING5 PHD finger in complex with an H3K4me3 histone peptide. *Proteins*. 72(4): 1371-6. PMCID: PMC2756976
 - c. Hung T*, Binda O*, Champagne KS*, Kuo AJ, Johnson K, Chang HY, Simon MD, Kutateladze TG and Gozani O. (2009) ING4-mediated crosstalk between histone H3K4 trimethylation and H3 acetylation attenuates cellular transformation. *Mol Cell*. 33(2): 248-256. PMCID: PMC2650391
 - d. Kim S, Natesan S, Cornilescu G, Carlson S, Tonelli M, McClurg UL, Binda O, Robson CN, Markley JL, Balaz S, Glass KC. (2016) Mechanism of Histone H3K4me3 Recognition by the Plant Homeodomain of Inhibitor of Growth 3. *J Biol Chem*. Aug 26;291(35):18326-41. PMCID: PMC5000080
- 3. Molecular mechanisms of histone recognition by bromodomains: In my independent research program I have continued studying the structure and function of chromatin reader domains, particularly bromodomains, which interact specifically with acetylated histones. The 61 human bromodomain-containing proteins have a wide variety of biological activities. However, while the structure of many of these

bromodomain modules are solved, how these protein modules differentiate between multiple acetyllysine modifications to read the histone code is unknown. We recently established the molecular basis of histone acetyllysine recognition by the BRPF1 bromodomain and discovered that the BRPF1 bromodomain interacts with multiple acetylated histone peptides. We also solved the first bromodomain structure in complex with histone H2A acetylated at lysine 5 (H2AK5ac). These structural and mechanistic details of histone recognition by bromodomains is crucial for the development of new therapeutic interventions and molecular tools to study a variety of cancers, and has fundamentally advanced our understanding of how bromodomains recognize and select for acetyllysine marks.

- a. Poplawski A, Hu K, Lee W, Natesan S, Peng D, Carlson S, Shi X, Balaz S, Markley JL, Glass KC. (2014) Molecular Insights into the Recognition of N-Terminal Histone Modifications by the BRPF1 Bromodomain. *J Mol Biol.* 426(8): 1661-1676. PMCID: PMC3969779
- b. Lubula MY, Eckenroth BE, Carlson S, Poplawski A, Chruszcz M, and Glass KC (2014) Structural insights into recognition of acetylated histone ligands by the BRPF1 bromodomain. FEBS Lett. 588(21): 3844-54. PMCID: PMC4252766
- c. Lloyd JT, Glass KC. (2018) Biological function and histone recognition of family IV bromodomain-containing proteins. J Cell Physiol. 2018 Mar;233(3):1877-1886. DOI: 10.1002/jcp.26010. Epub 2017 Jun 13. Review. PMCID: PMC5683942.
- d. Singh AK, Phillips M, Alkrimi S, Tonelli M, Boyson SP, Malone KL, Nix JC, Glass KC. (2022) Structural insights into acetylated histone ligand recognition by the BDP1 bromodomain of *Plasmodium falciparum*. *Int J Biol Macromol*. 2022 Oct 31;S0141-8130(22)02502-8. DOI: 10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2022.10.247. PMID: 36328269
- 4. Combinatorial action of chromatin reader domains and histone modifications: As a direct result of my research, we provided new insights into the higher-level regulation of gene expression that is modulated through histone modifications and their readers. The histone code is orders of magnitude more complex than the genetic code, and understanding this process is compounded by the presence and interaction of multiple chromatin reader domains within single enzymatic complexes. My research on the HBO1 and MOZ histone acetyltransferase complexes has highlighted how altering either the subunit composition of an enzymatic complex or the availability of particular combinations of histone modifications can dramatically affect the activity of chromatin remodelers, and epigenetic signaling programs within the cell. For example, we proposed a model describing how the cooperative action of multiple chromatin reader domains within the MOZ histone acetyltransferase regulates its acetylation activity in response to the epigenetic landscape.
 - a. Saksouk N, Avvakumov N*, Champagne KS*, Hung T*, Doyon Y, Cayrou C, Paquet E, Ulla M, Landry AJ, Côté V, Yang XJ, Gozani O, Kutateladze TG and Côté J. (2009) HBO1 HAT complexes target chromatin throughout gene coding regions via multiple PHD finger interactions with histone H3 tail. *Mol Cell*. 33:257-265. PMCID: PMC2677731 *These authors contributed equally to the work.
 - b. Lalonde ME, Avvakumov N, Glass KC, Joncas FH, Saksouk N, Holliday M, Paquet E, Yan K, Tong Q, Klein BJ, Tan S, Yang XJ, Kutateladze TG, Côté J. (2013) Exchange of associated factors directs a switch in HBO1 acetyltransferase histone tail specificity. Genes Dev. 27(18):2009-24. PMCID: PMC3792477
 - c. Avvakumov N, Lalonde ME, Saksouk N, Paquet E, Glass KC, Landry AJ, Doyon Y, Cayrou C, Robitaille GA, Richard DE, Yang XJ, Kutateladze TG and Côté J. (2012) Conserved Molecular Interactions within the HBO1 Acetyltransferase Complexes Regulate Cell Proliferation. *Mol Cell Biol*. Feb;32(3):689-703. PMCID: PMC3266594
 - d. Carlson S and Glass KC. (2014) The MOZ Histone Acetyltransferase in Epigenetic Signaling and Disease. J Cell Physiol. Nov 229(11): 1571-4. PMCID: PMC4750494
- 5. Recognition of multiple histone post-translational modifications by chromatin reader domains: Although the bromodomain structural fold is conserved across all BRD-containing proteins, each BRD module exhibits specific preferences for different histone acetyllysine ligands on core and variant histone proteins. My research group has made significant progress to understand how multiple modifications alters the binding activity of bromodomain containing proteins. These studies have fundamentally advanced our understanding of how bromodomains recognize and select for acetyllysine marks.
 - a. Obi JO, Lubula MY, Cornilescu G, Henrickson A, McGuire K, Evans CM, Phillips M, Demeler B, Markley JL and Glass KC. (2020) The BRPF1 bromodomain is a molecular reader of di-acetyllysine. Curr Res in Struct Biol. 2020, 2:104-115. DOI: 10.1016/j.crstbi.2020.05.001 PMCID: PMC3969779