

Figure 1: the apo-LGA structure solved by a 200 KeV Arctica Talos with K3 detector at the Cornell Center for Materials Research (CCMR). Inset: the key amino acids in active site are well resolved.

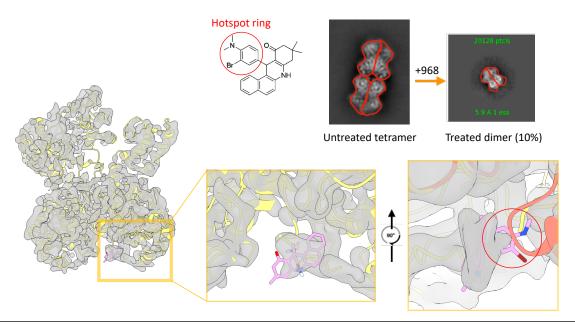


Figure 2: The tetrameric apo-LGA is dissociated into dimer after treating with 968. Inset: the possible density for 968.